

LEQ: At what South Carolina battle did the tactics used by Daniel Morgan help to eventually drive the British from the South?



This image shows the Americans breaking the British battle line at the Battle of Cowpens. This painting by Don Troiani was part of a National Park Service exhibit at Valley Forge National Historic Park. This image was taken by Robert Housch on November 28, 2011.

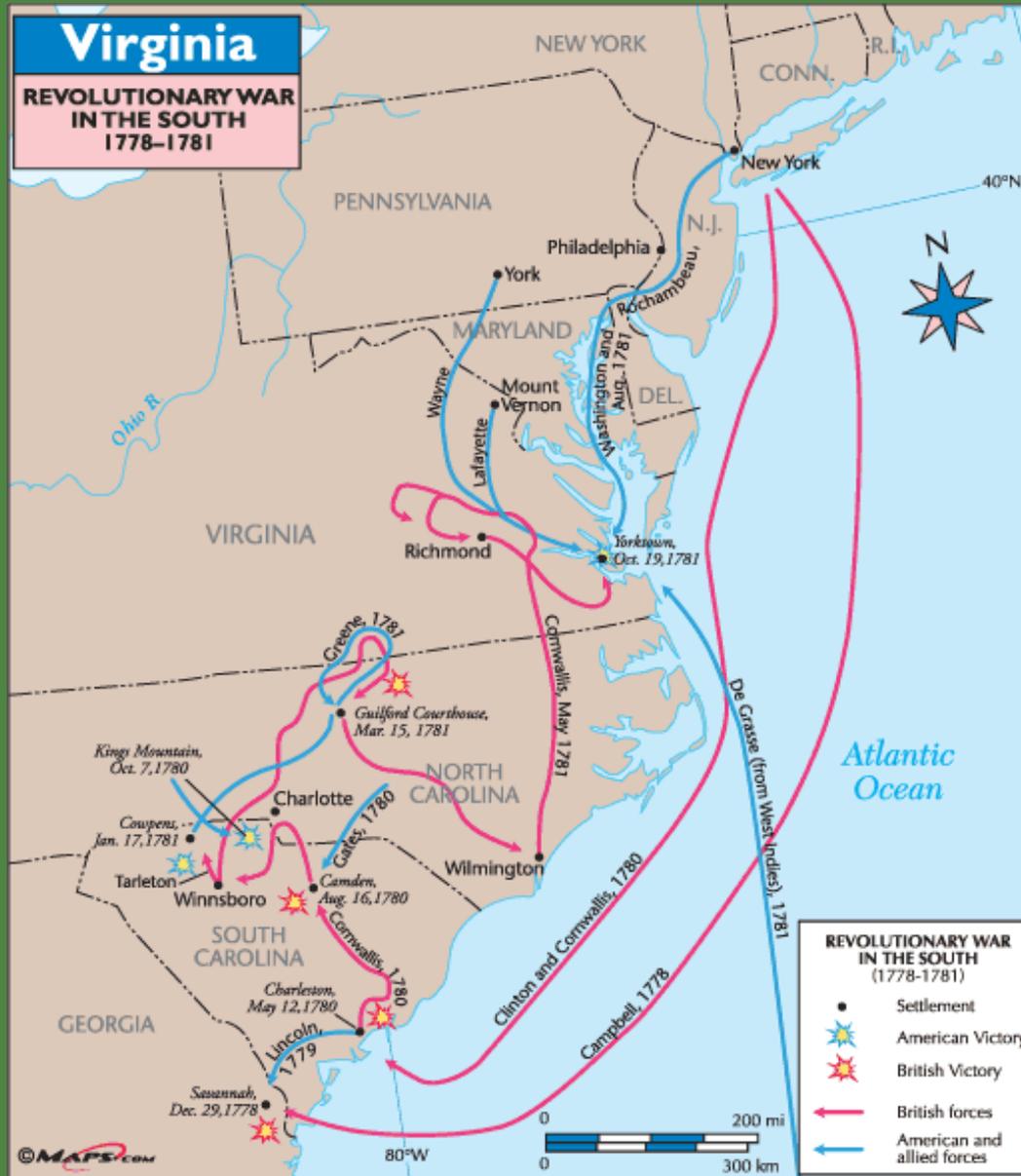
LEQ: At what South Carolina battle did the tactics used by Daniel Morgan help to eventually drive the British from the South?

The Battle of Cowpens



This image shows the Americans breaking the British battle line at the Battle of Cowpens. This painting by Don Troiani was part of a National Park Service exhibit at Valley Forge National Historic Park. This image was taken by Robert Housch on November 28, 2011.

American Revolution Southern Battles Basics



Most of the Southern battles were fought in the states of Georgia, South Carolina, and North Carolina before the British moved back to Virginia. This image is courtesy of maps.com.

American Revolution Southern Battles

Vocabulary



This image is from wordinfo.info.

Payment for military service after one is no longer in the military, or to that military person's surviving dependents.

Abraham Tourtellott Born Feb. 27th 1725
and Died May. 1779.

Thebe Tourtellott Born 1730.
and died May 1808.

Children of Abraham Tourtellott

Mary Tourtellott	Born	Jan. 4 th	1747.
Michael Tourtellott	"	Feb. 4.	1748.
Burnew Tourtellott	"	Oct. 9.	1750.
Isaac Tourtellott	"	Nov. 20.	1752.
Israel Tourtellott	"	Dec. 26.	1754.
Joseph Tourtellott	"	May 29.	1756.
Amasa Tourtellott	"	Feb. 4.	1758.
Benjer Tourtellott	"	Jan. 4.	1760.
Anna Tourtellott.			1761
Esau Tourtellott.			1763
James Tourtellott.			1764
Jashua Tourtellott.			1766
Thelpha Tourtellott.			1767
Stephens Tourtellott.			1769
Esther Tourtellott	"		1770

Joseph Tourtellott Born 1736. May 27th

Elizabeth Tourtellott Born 1762. June 15

Sarah Tourtellott Born 1785. March 9

Polly Tourtellott Born 1786. July 3rd

Grand Children of Joseph Tourtellott

Elizabeth Holmes	Born	1803. Apr. 15 th
John W. Holmes	Born	1804. Apr. 29
Joseph W. Holmes	Born	1806. Apr. 16
Stephen Holmes Jr.	Born	1808. Apr. 17
Polly Holmes	Born	1811. Dec. 27
Samuel Holmes	Born	1812. Nov. 15
Anna S. Holmes	Born	1814. Apr. 3
Sarah Holmes	Born	1816. June 27
Marion Holmes	Born	1818. July 27
Susanna S. Holmes	Born	1821. Jan. 20
Susanna Holmes	Born	1822. Apr. 9
Susanna Holmes	Born	1825. March 27
William W. Holmes	Born	1827. Aug. 7

This image shows the American Revolution pension record of Joseph Tourtellotte. It also lists the birth dates of his wife and his children. This image is courtesy of fold3.com.

Pension

Payment for military service after one is no longer in the military, or to that military person's surviving dependents.

Abraham Tourtellott Born Feb. 27th 1725
and Died May. 1779.

Thebe Tourtellott Born 1730.
and died May 1808.

Children of Abraham Tourtellott

Mary Tourtellott	Born	Jan. 4 th	1747.
Michael Tourtellott	"	Feb. 4.	1748.
Burnew Tourtellott	"	Oct. 9.	1750.
Isaac Tourtellott	"	Nov. 20.	1752.
Israel Tourtellott	"	Dec. 26.	1754.
Joseph Tourtellott	"	May 29.	1756.
Amasa Tourtellott	"	Feb. 4.	1758.
Denner Tourtellott	"	Jan. 4.	1760.
Anna Tourtellott.			1761
Esau Tourtellott.			1763
James Tourtellott.			1764
Jashua Tourtellott.			1766
Helpha Tourtellott.			1767
Stephens Tourtellott.			1769
Esther Tourtellott	"		1770

Joseph Tourtellott Born 1736. May 27th

Elizabeth Tourtellott Born 1762. June 15

Sarah Tourtellott Born 1785. March 9

Polly Tourtellott Born 1786. July 3rd

Grand Children of Joseph Tourtellott

Elizabeth Holmes	Born	1803. Apr. 15 th
John W. Holmes	Born	1804. Apr. 29
Joseph W. Holmes	Born	1806. Apr. 16
Stephen Holmes Jr.	Born	1808. Apr. 17
Polly Holmes	Born	1811. Dec. 27
Amos W. Holmes	Born	1812. Nov. 15
Anna S. Holmes	Born	1814. Apr. 3
Sarah Holmes	Born	1816. June 27
Marion Holmes	Born	1818. July 27
Lucas W. Holmes	Born	1821. Jan. 20
Susanna Holmes	Born	1822. Apr. 9
Susan Holmes	Born	1825. March 27
William W. Holmes	Born	1827. Aug. 7

This image shows the American Revolution pension record of Joseph Tourtellotte. It also lists the birth dates of his wife and his children. This image is courtesy of fold3.com.

Eventually “Molly Pitcher” received a pension for her service during the American Revolution.



Mary Ludwig Hays McCauley, or “Molly Pitcher,” received a payment of \$50 a year from the United States government. However, they did not recognize her service until 40 years after the Battle of Monmouth, and then she died after receiving the pension for only one year. This image is courtesy of the Fraunces Tavern Museum in New York City.

The art of planning and directing overall military operations and movements in a war or battle.



The British strategy in the first years of the American Revolution were to strike at three different areas, the North, the Mid Atlantic, and the South. This image is courtesy of cc.gatech.edu.

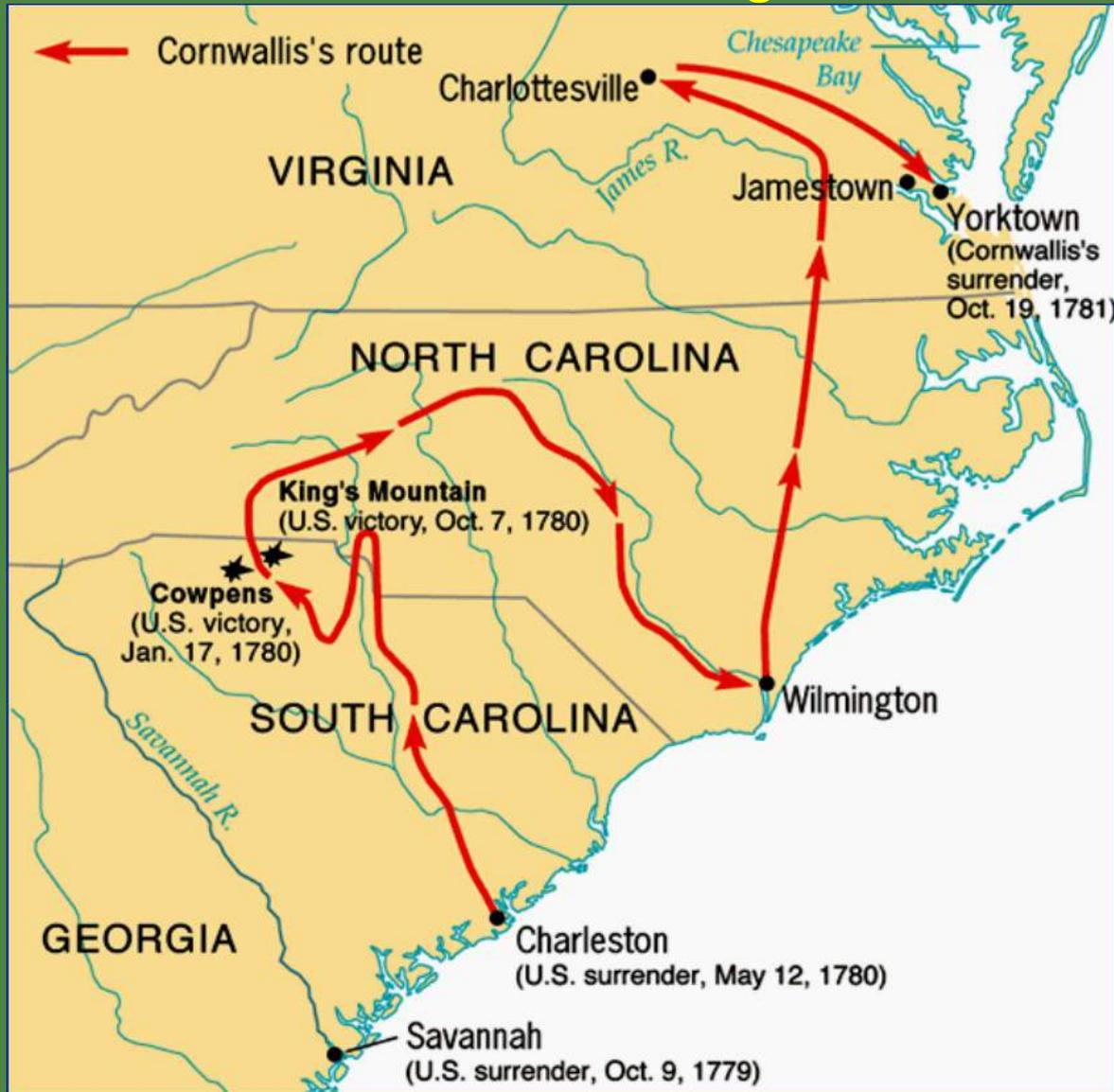
Strategy

The art of planning and directing overall military operations and movements in a war or battle.



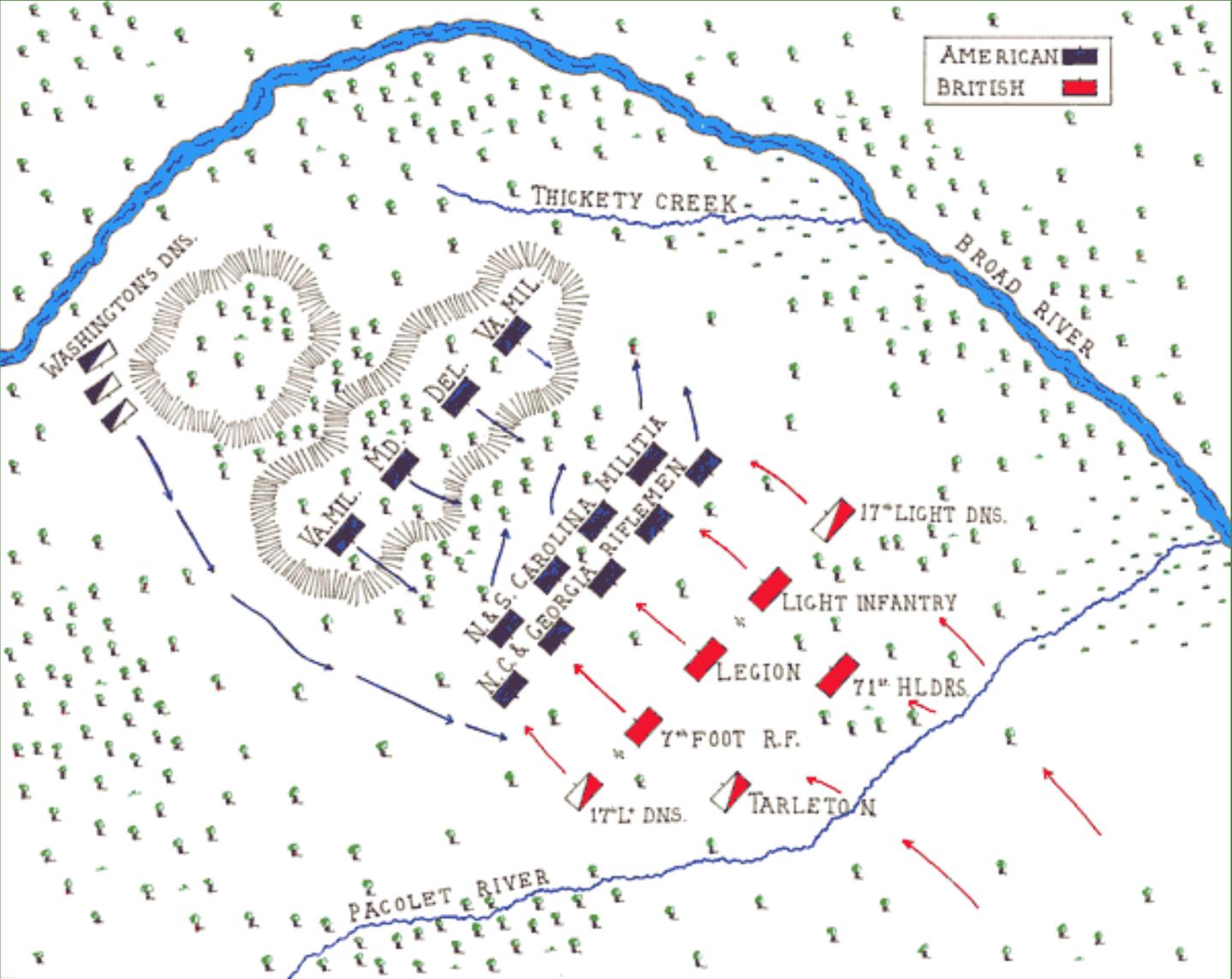
The British strategy in the first years of the American Revolution were to strike at three different areas, the North, the Mid Atlantic, and the South. This image is courtesy of cc.gatech.edu.

After the British decided it would be difficult to win in the North, their **strategy** was to concentrate on defeating the southern colonies.



This Southern strategy including capturing the Southern ports of Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. This image is courtesy of slidego.com.

At the Battle of Cowpens, Daniel Morgan's **tactics** were to place the Americans in three lines, with some of his inexperienced troops in front, and his most experienced soldiers in the last line.



Morgan asked his inexperienced soldiers in the front line to fire a minimum of two shots. After that they could leave the field, but he preferred that they would join the next line behind them. This image is courtesy of britishbattles.com.

A colonist who sided with Great Britain during the American Revolution.



Loyalists were loyal to the King and to the British government. This image was taken by Robert Housch on April 21, 2011 at a National Park Service wayside exhibit at Fort Frederica National Monument.

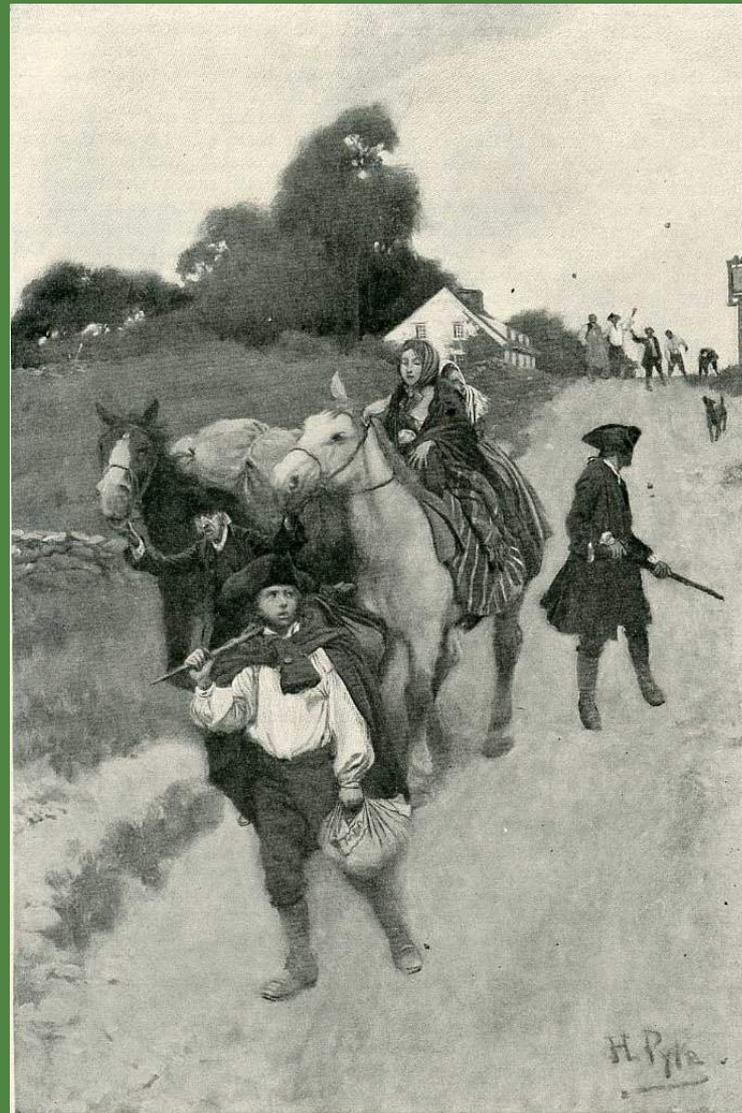
Loyalist

A colonist who sided with Great Britain during the American Revolution.



Loyalists were loyal to the King and to the British government. This image was taken by Robert Housch on April 21, 2011 at a National Park Service wayside exhibit at Fort Frederica National Monument.

Some historians estimate that during the American Revolution, approximately 500,000 men, women, and children were **Loyalists**.



That figure means 15% to 20% of American colonists during the American Revolution were Loyalists. This image is titled "Tory Refugees on Their Way to Canada." This image was created by Howard Pyle (1853-1911) in 1901. This image is courtesy Wikimedia Commons.

One who supported independence from Great Britain for the 13 colonies.



Patriots were labeled by the British as “disturbers of the government.” This image is courtesy of libcom.org.

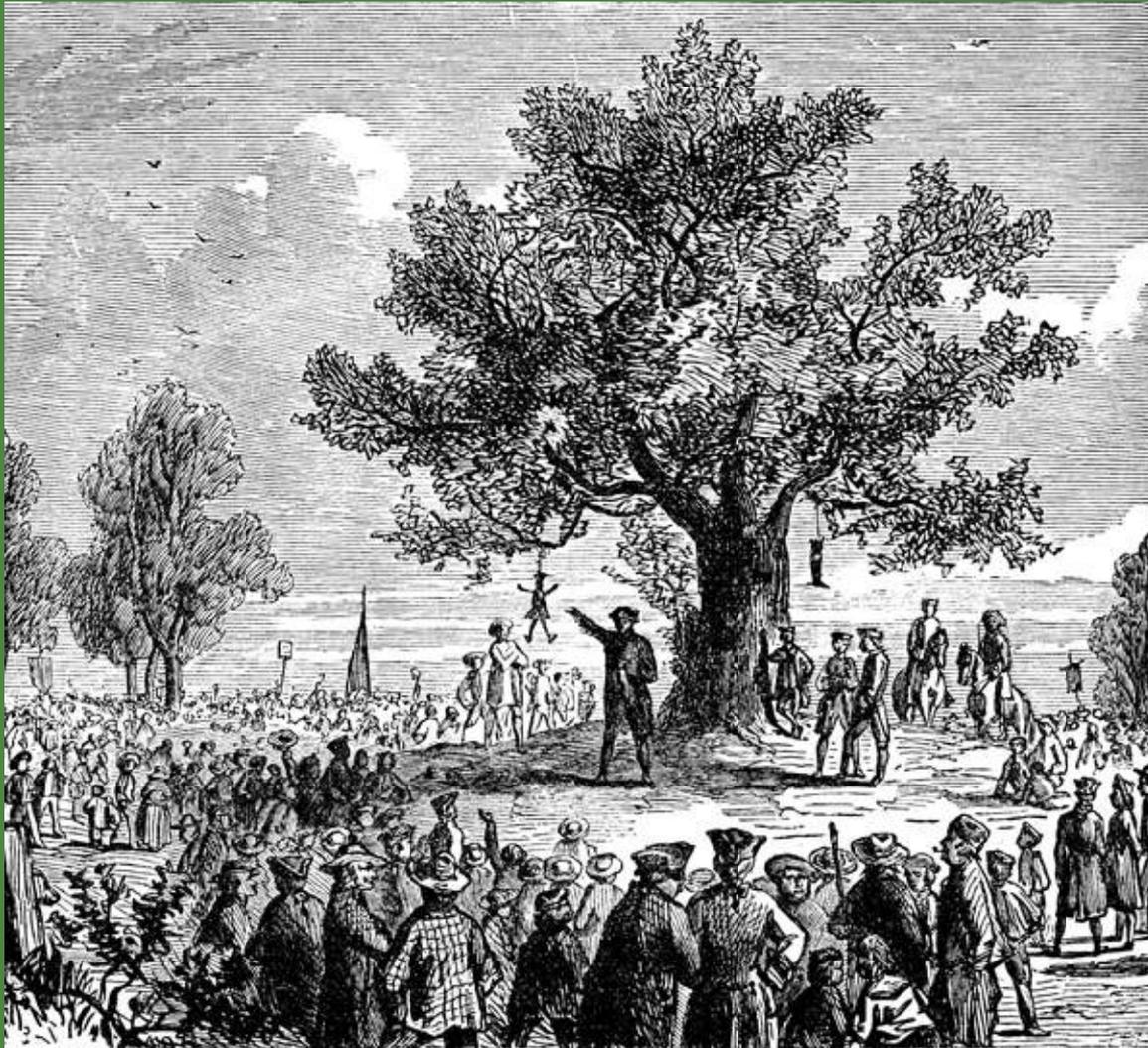
Patriot

One who supported independence from Great Britain for the 13 colonies.



Patriots were labeled by the British as “disturbers of the government.” This image is courtesy of libcom.org.

Many Patriots were active before the American Revolution in groups such as the Sons of Liberty.



This image, titled “Indignation Meeting Under Liberty Tree Boston” shows the Sons of Liberty protesting one of the British acts of Parliament. The Liberty Tree was an elm tree that stood near Boston Common. From its branches, the protestors hung in effigy Andrew Oliver, the colonist chosen by King George III to impose the Stamp Act. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

American Revolution Southern Battles

People to Meet



On September 25, 1780, Sycamore Shoals, then North Carolina, now Tennessee, served as the staging area for the Overmountain men, the frontier militia that crossed the mountains to defeat British Loyalists at the Battle of Kings Mountain. This image, created by Lloyd Branson in 1915 is titled *Gathering of Overmountain men at Sycamore Shoals*. This image is courtesy of washingtoncountyregiment.wordpress.com.

United States general who was sent by George Washington to command American forces in the South.



Nathanael Greene (1742-1786) was born in Rhode Island. He began the war as a militia private, and finished it as one of George Washington's most talented and most dependable generals. This painting was created by Charles Willson Peale (1741-1827) in 1783. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

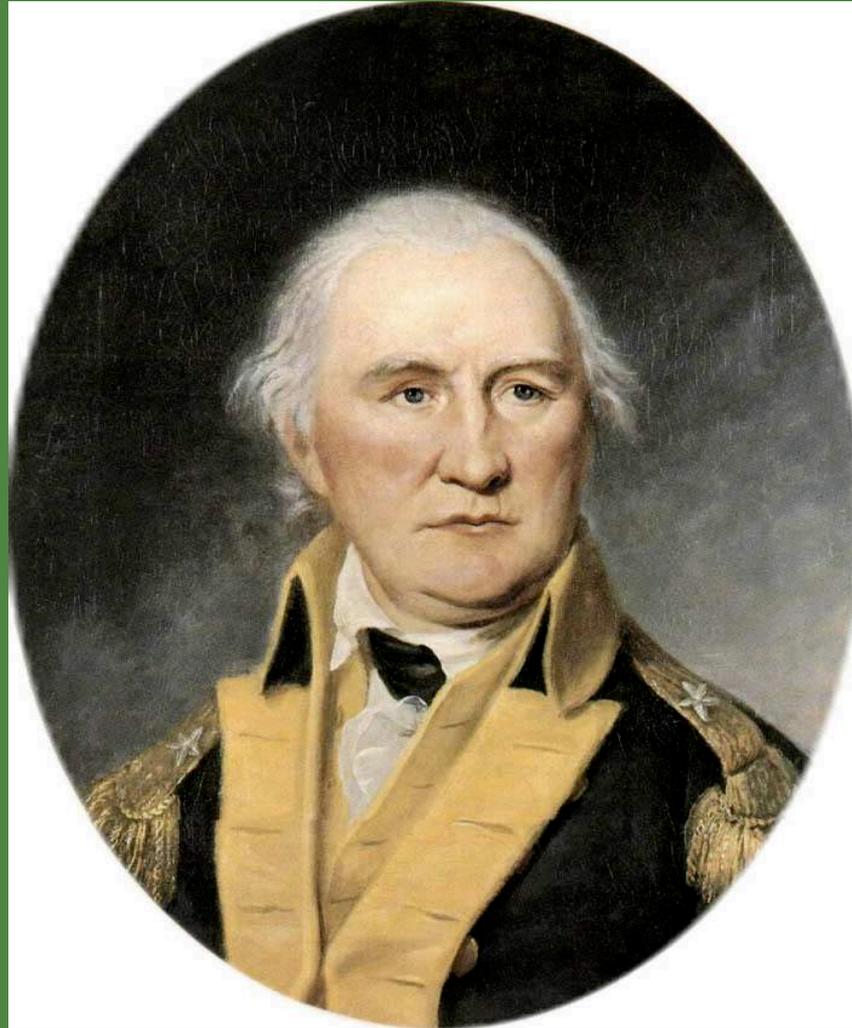
Nathanael Greene

United States general who was sent by George Washington to command American forces in the South.



Nathanael Greene (1742-1786) was born in Rhode Island. He began the war as a militia private, and finished it as one of George Washington's most talented and most dependable generals. This painting was created by Charles Willson Peale (1741-1827) in 1783. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

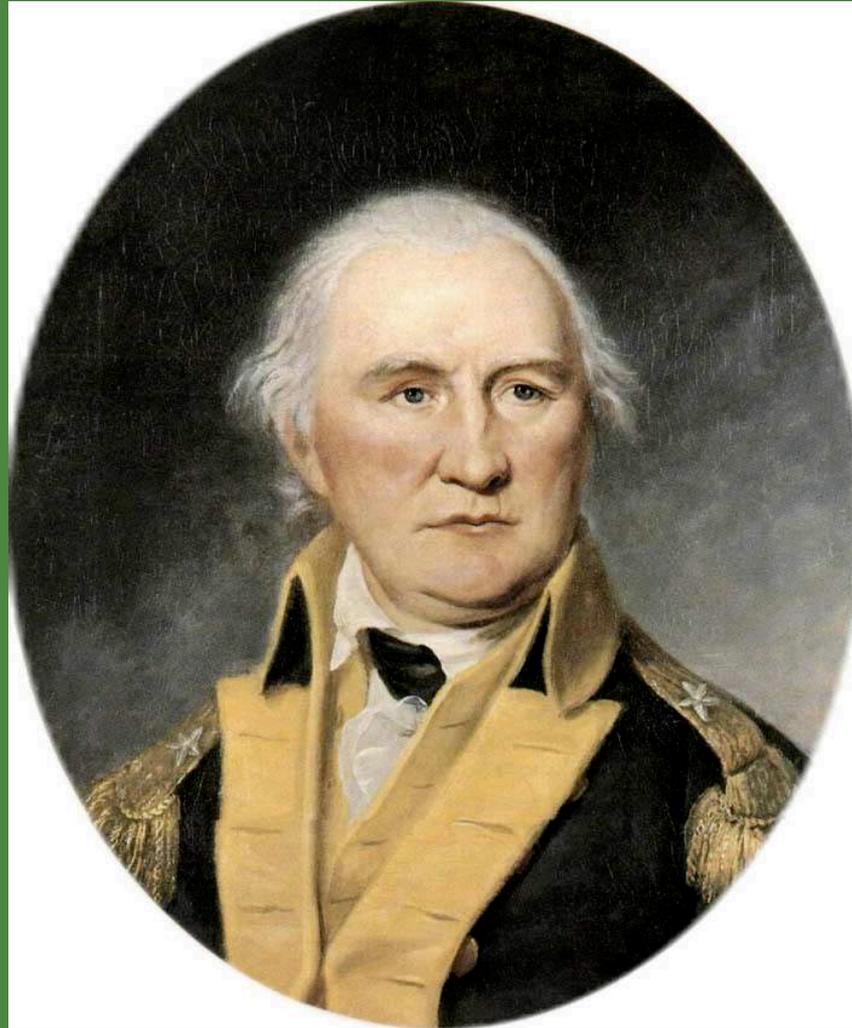
An American general, whose tactics allowed the United States army to win the Battle of Cowpens, and to almost win the Battle of Guilford Courthouse.



Daniel Morgan (1736-1802) was born in New Jersey, and lived in Pennsylvania before moving to Virginia. He was a teamster from Virginia during Braddock's failed campaign during the French and Indian War. Morgan served in Boston, in Canada, and at Saratoga before he was transferred to the South. This painting was created by Charles Willson Peale (1741-1827) in 1794. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

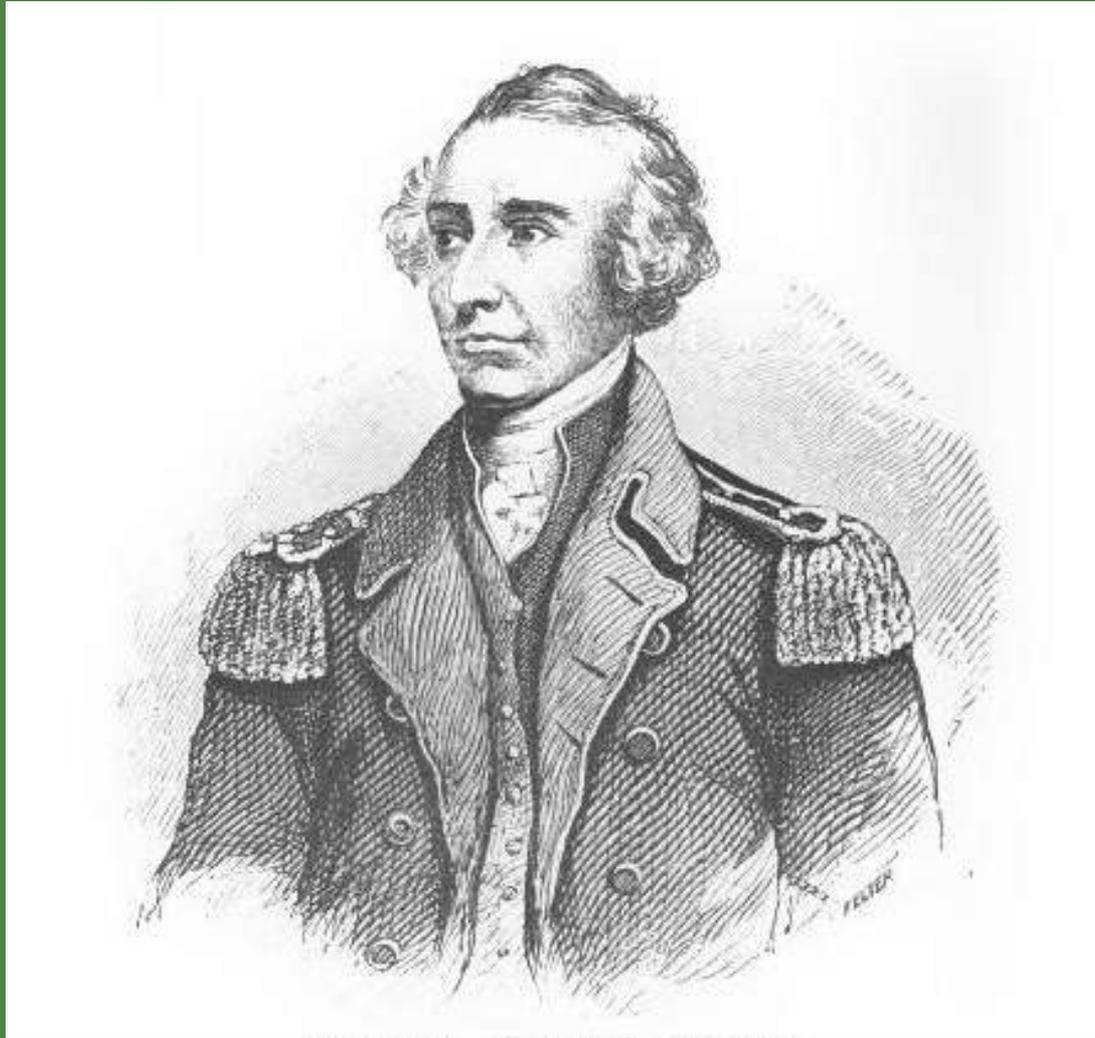
Daniel Morgan

An American general, whose tactics allowed the United States army to win the Battle of Cowpens, and to almost win the Battle of Guilford Courthouse.



Daniel Morgan (1736-1802) was born in New Jersey, and lived in Pennsylvania before moving to Virginia. He was a teamster from Virginia during Braddock's failed campaign during the French and Indian War. Morgan served in Boston, in Canada, and at Saratoga before he was transferred to the South. This painting was created by Charles Willson Peale (1741-1827) in 1794. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

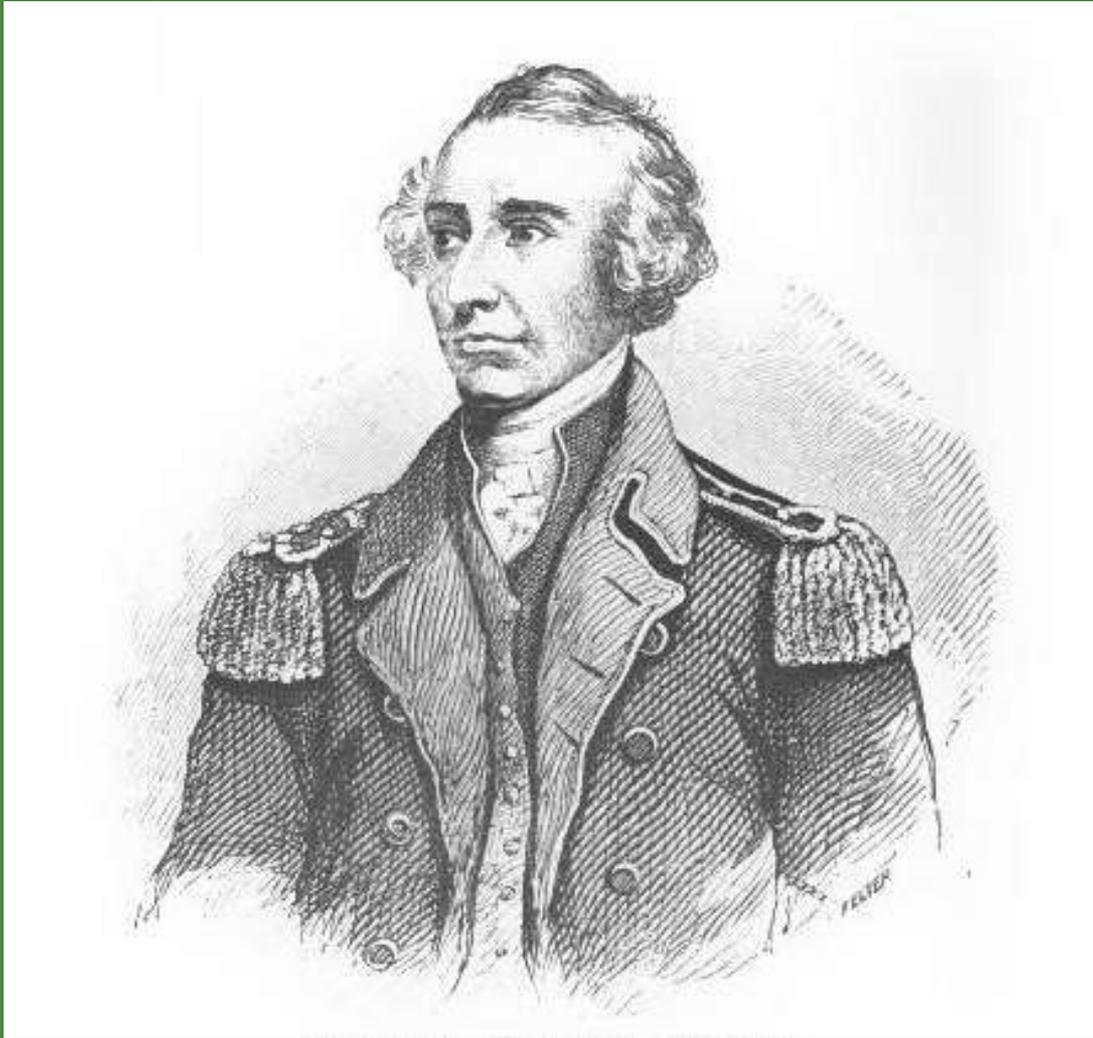
American officer whose “hit and run” methods of fighting in South Carolina made him one of the fathers of modern guerrilla warfare.



Francis Marion (circa 1732-1795) was born in South Carolina and fought the Cherokee Indians during the French and Indian War. He was a plantation owner when the American Revolution began. This image was created for James Dabney McCabe's *The Centennial Book of American Biography*, which was published in Philadelphia in 1876. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

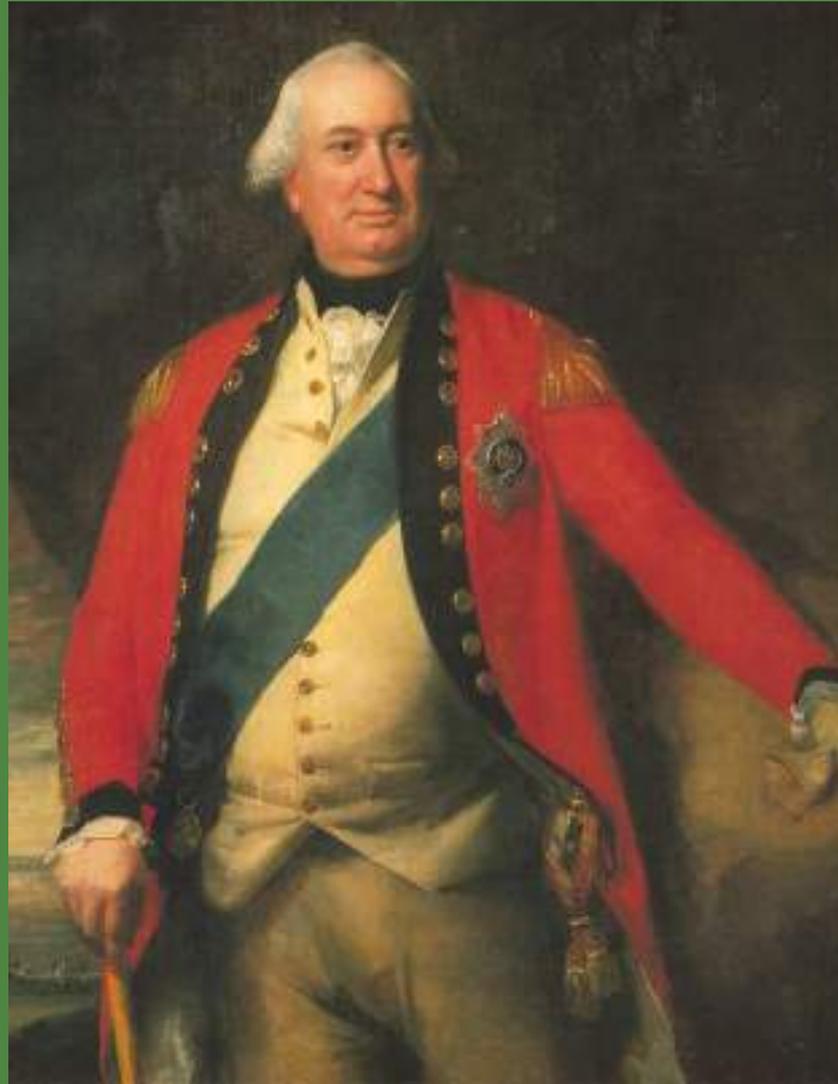
Francis Marion

American officer whose “hit and run” methods of fighting in South Carolina made him one of the fathers of modern guerrilla warfare.



Francis Marion (circa 1732-1795) was born in South Carolina and fought the Cherokee Indians during the French and Indian War. He was a plantation owner when the American Revolution began. This image was created for James Dabney McCabe's *The Centennial Book of American Biography*, which was published in Philadelphia in 1876. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

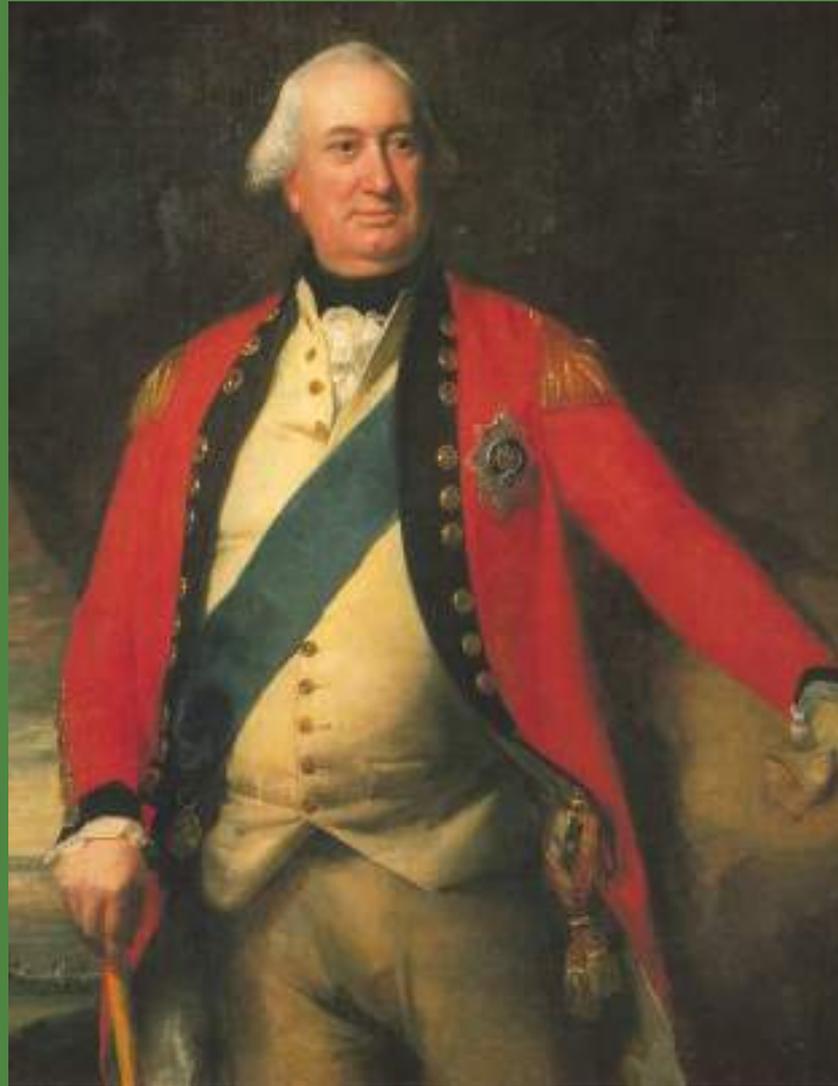
British general during the Southern campaign who was at first very successful, but later losses forced him to march to his ultimate defeat at Yorktown, Virginia.



Charles Cornwallis (1738-1805) was born in an aristocratic British family and saw service in the Seven Years War in Europe. This painting of Charles Cornwallis was created by John Singleton Copley (1738-1815) circa 1795. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

Charles Cornwallis

British general during the Southern campaign who was at first very successful, but later losses forced him to march to his ultimate defeat at Yorktown, Virginia.



Charles Cornwallis (1738-1805) was born in an aristocratic British family and saw service in the Seven Years War in Europe. This painting of Charles Cornwallis was created by John Singleton Copley (1738-1815) circa 1795. This image is courtesy of Wikimedia Commons.

American soldier who at the Battle of Guilford Courthouse supposedly killed 11 British soldiers with a large sword.



This miniature of Peter Francisco was produced in the early 1800s, approximately 40 years after the Battle of Guilford Courthouse. This image is courtesy of the Wikimedia Commons.

Peter Francisco

American soldier who at the Battle of Guilford Courthouse supposedly killed 11 British soldiers with a large sword.



This miniature of Peter Francisco was produced in the early 1800s, approximately 40 years after the Battle of Guilford Courthouse. This image is courtesy of the Wikimedia Commons.

American soldier who at the Battle of Bunker Hill was the only soldier singled out in American reports for his bravery.



This image of Salem Poor appeared on a First Day Cancellation envelope in 1975. This image is courtesy of the United States Postal Service.

Salem Poor

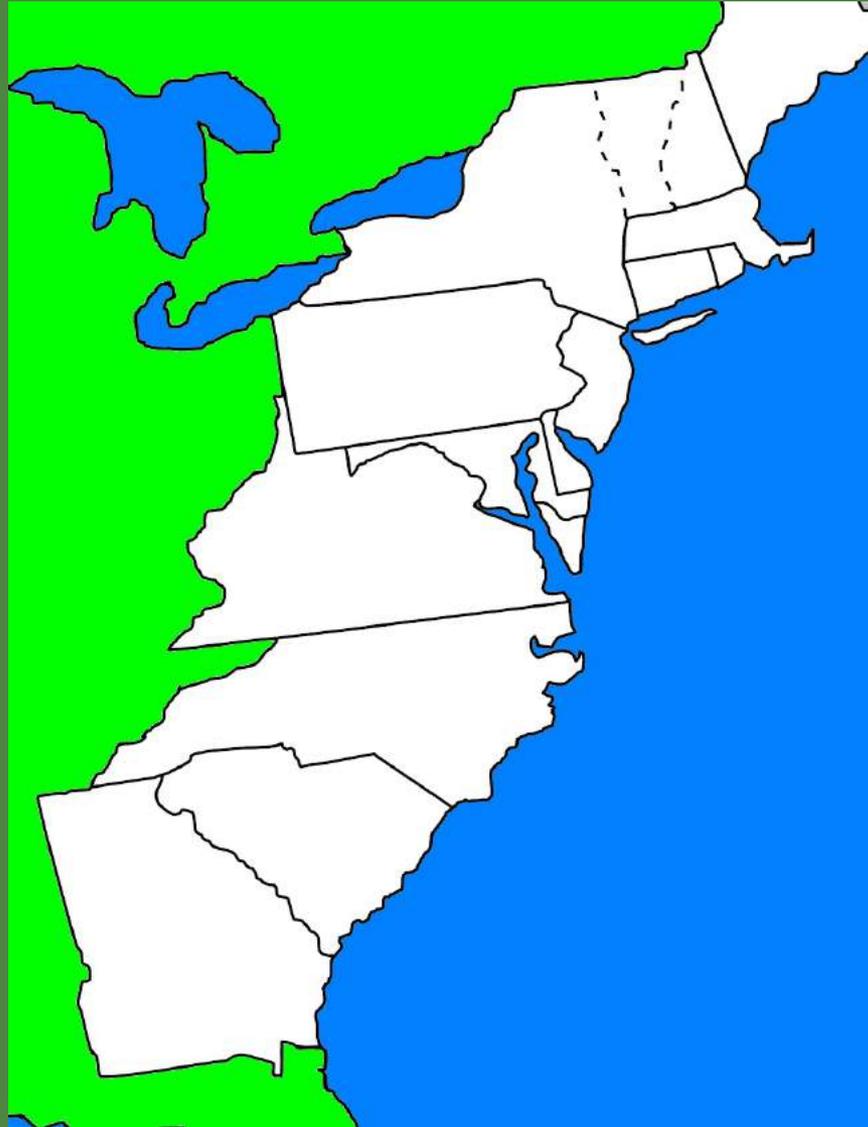
American soldier who at the Battle of Bunker Hill was the only soldier singled out in American reports for his bravery.



This image of Salem Poor appeared on a First Day Cancellation envelope in 1975. This image is courtesy of the United States Postal Service.

American Revolution Southern Battles

Maps



This image shows original 13 colonies that eventually became the first 13 states of the United States. With the exception of Virginia, this map approximates their present boundaries. The image is courtesy of humanities7.wordpress.com.

Charleston, South Carolina

Find Charleston, South Carolina on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Charleston, South Carolina

Find Charleston, South Carolina on this map of the current United States.



Charleston, South Carolina is now marked by a red dot and the word "Charleston." This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Savannah

Find Savannah on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Savannah

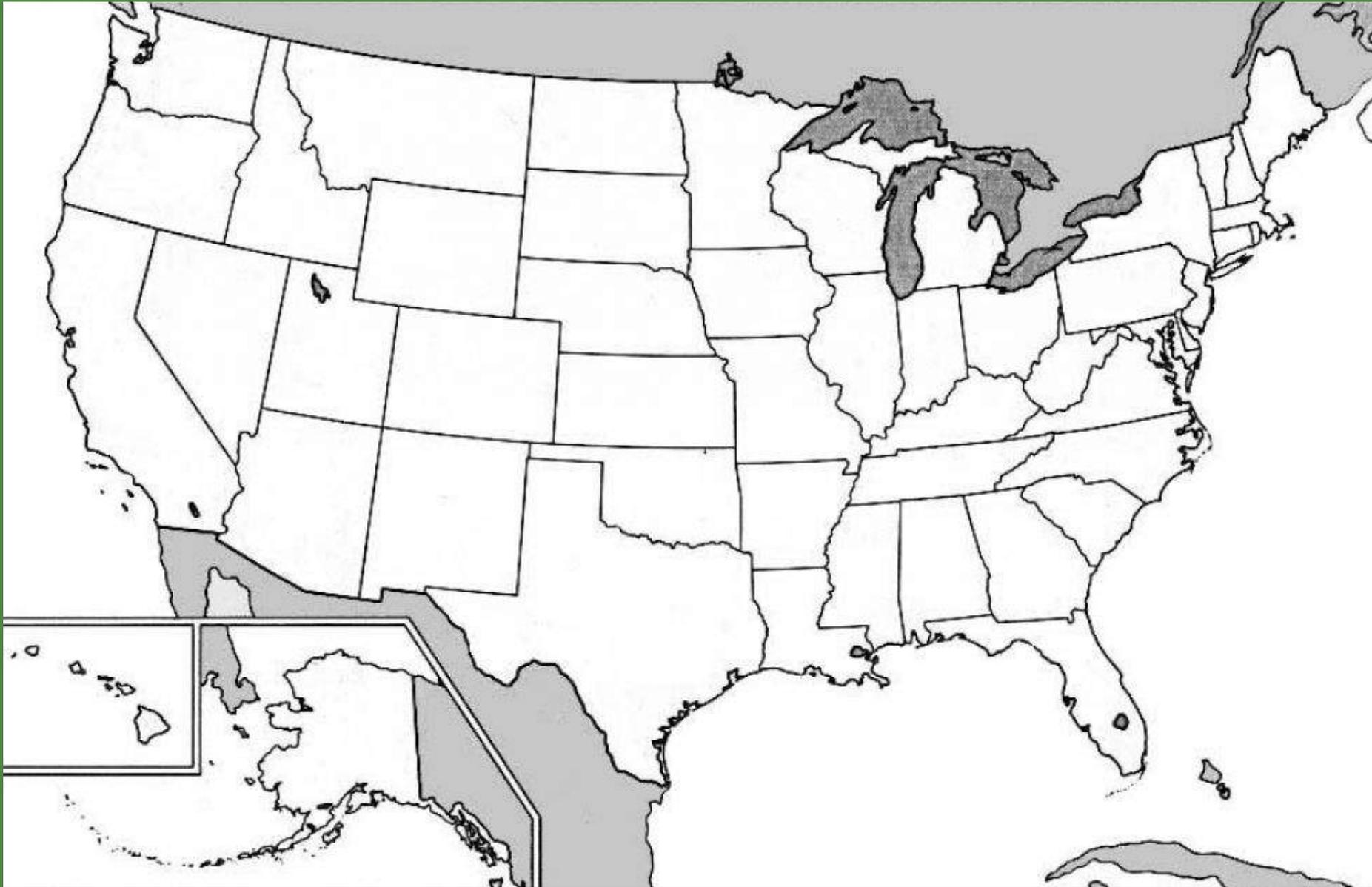
Find Savannah on this map of the current United States.



Savannah is now marked by a red dot and the word "Savannah." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Kings Mountain

Find Kings Mountain on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Kings Mountain

Find Kings Mountain on this map of the current United States.



Kings Mountain is now marked by a red dot and the words "Kings Mountain." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Cowpens

Find Cowpens on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Cowpens

Find Cowpens on this map of the current United States.



Cowpens is now marked by a red dot and the word "Cowpens." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Guilford Courthouse

Find Guilford Courthouse on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Guilford Courthouse

Find Guilford Courthouse on this map of the current United States.



Guilford Courthouse is now marked by a red dot and the words "Guilford Courthouse." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Yorktown

Find Yorktown on this map of the current United States.



This map shows the present boundaries of the states. The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

Yorktown

Find Yorktown on this map of the current United States.



Yorktown is now marked by a red dot and the word "Yorktown." The image is courtesy of the University of Texas.

LEQ: At what South Carolina battle did the tactics used by Daniel Morgan help to eventually drive the British from the South?



This image shows the Americans breaking the British battle line at the Battle of Cowpens. This painting by Don Troiani was part of a National Park Service exhibit at Valley Forge National Historic Park. This image was taken by Robert Housch on November 28, 2011.

LEQ: At what South Carolina battle did the tactics used by Daniel Morgan help to eventually drive the British from the South?

The Battle of Cowpens



This image shows the Americans breaking the British battle line at the Battle of Cowpens. This painting by Don Troiani was part of a National Park Service exhibit at Valley Forge National Historic Park. This image was taken by Robert Housch on November 28, 2011.